

次世代光ディスク規格 Archival Discの解説

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Agenda



■ Backgrounds

- Dara Center Issues
- Advantages of Optical Discs
- Technology Road Map

■ 300GB

- Disc Structure, Data Transfer Rates, and Media Reliability

■ Future Technologies

- 500GB and 1TB Technologies

■ Conclusion

Data Center Issues



45ZB@2020



Data
Center

Global Environmental Problems



More POWER CO2 Emission



No Idea, No Solution

Advantages of Optical Discs

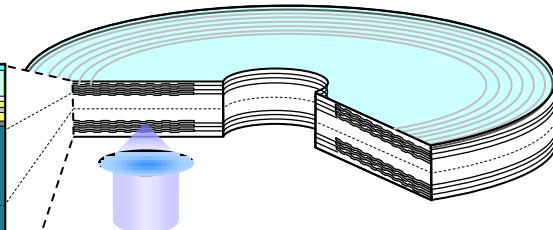
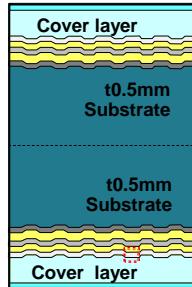


- Backward compatibility
⇒ No data migration required.
- Wide tolerance of operation and storage conditions
⇒ Ecological and economical data centers
- Highly reliable and long life recording media

Archival disc roadmap

Disc Structure

3 Layers / side
Both sided disc



Archival Disc keeps the same disc structure and material for three generations

Track Layout

BD 100GB

Track Density
320nm/Track

AD1 300GB

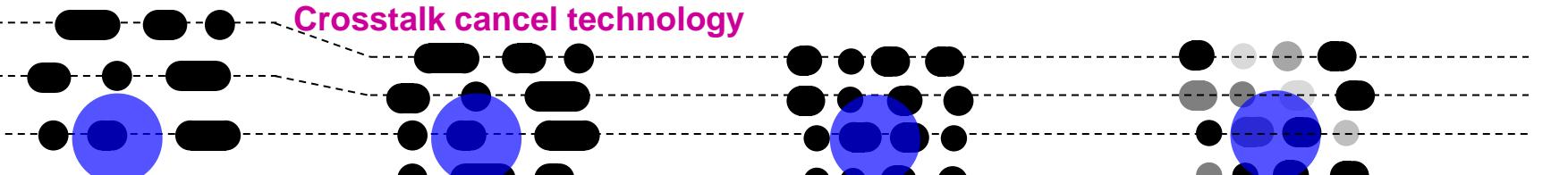
Track Density
225nm (1.42Tims)

AD2 500GB

Keep same track density

AD3 1TB

Crosstalk cancel technology



Liner Density
83.8 nm/bit

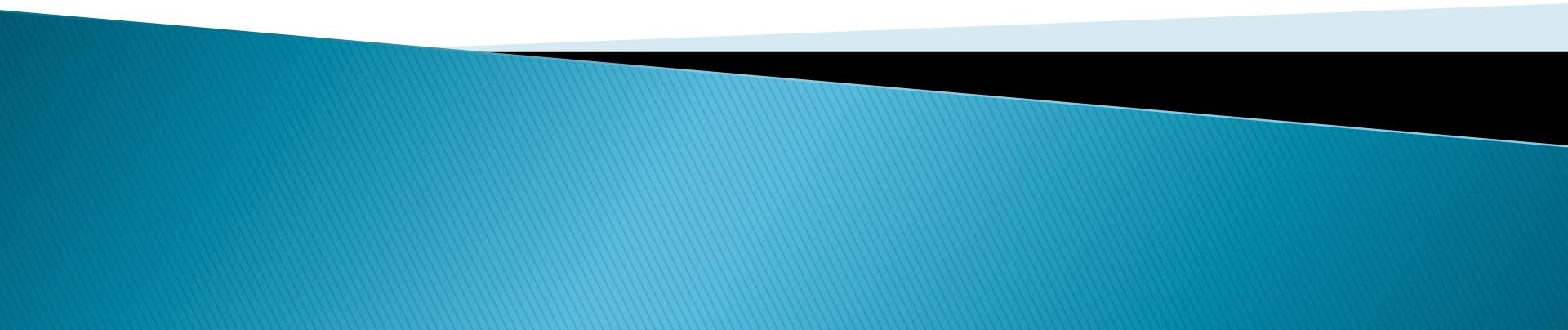
1.05Tims
79.8nm/bit

Intersymbol interference
cancel technology

2.0Tims
23.9nm/bit

Multilevel recording
technology

300GB Archival Disc



Feature of Archival Disc



■ Larger Capacity and Lower Bit Cost

- Land & Groove format over all generations
 - Simple recording layer structure
- 300GB/disc , 1TB/disc in the future

■ Higher data transfer rate

- Double-sided recording
- 90MB/s by 2 optical heads, 360MB/s in the future

■ Higher reliability for protecting important data

- Stable oxide materials
- Over 50year lifetime and robustness against disasters

For larger capacity

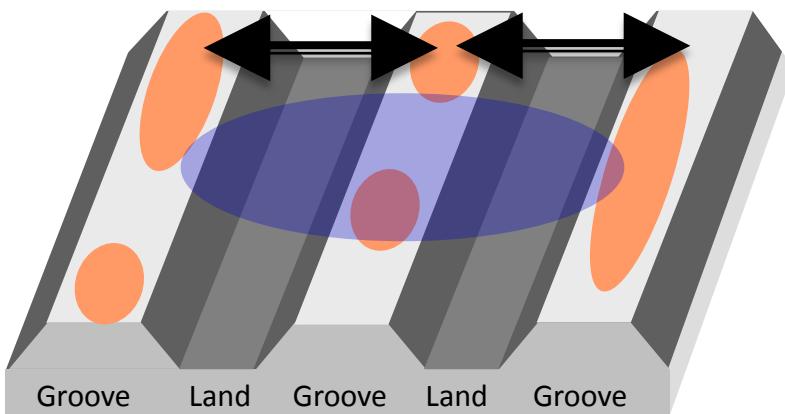


Land & Groove format

- Cross-talk cancellation technology
- Track-pitch: 225nm

Will adopt the format over all generations

Track Pitch 320nm

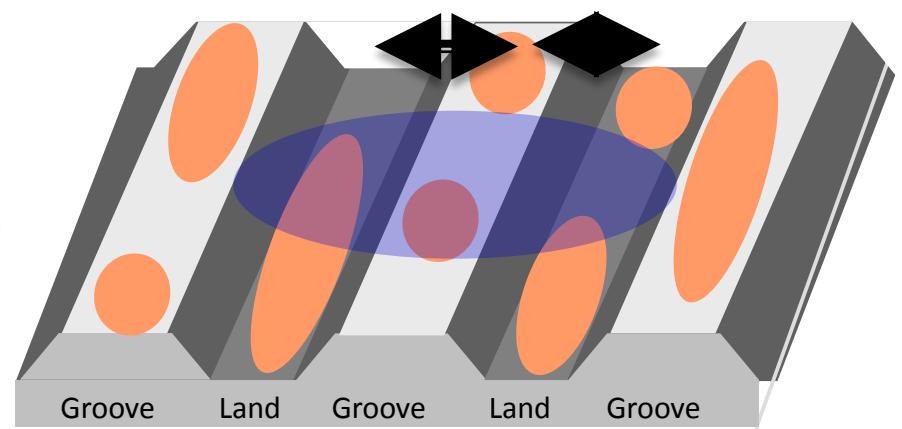


Blu-ray™ format
Groove Recording

83.81nm

Data bit length

Track Pitch 225nm



Archival Disc format
Land & Groove Recording

79.46nm

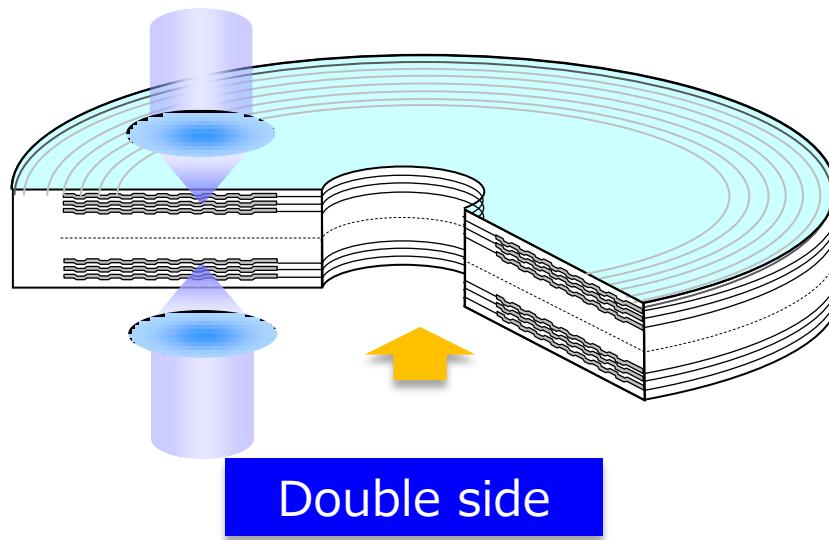
Data bit length

For higher data transfer rate



Key technologies

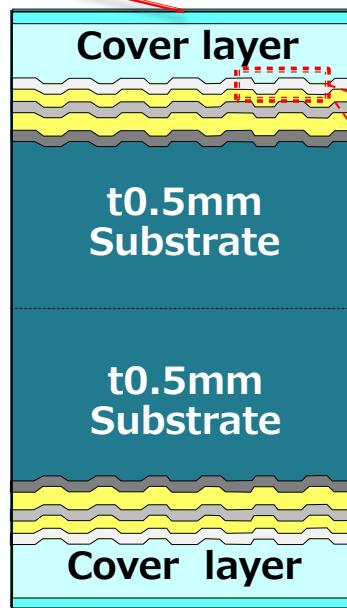
- Simultaneous recording on both sides
- Newly developed LSI with advanced signal processor
 - Realizes 45MBps/Head



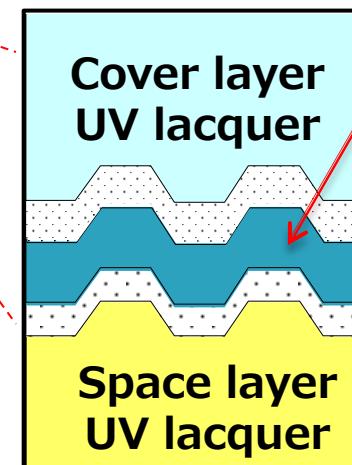
For higher reliability

- New recording material
 - Triple stacking of oxide materials

Protective Film



Very stable oxide recording material



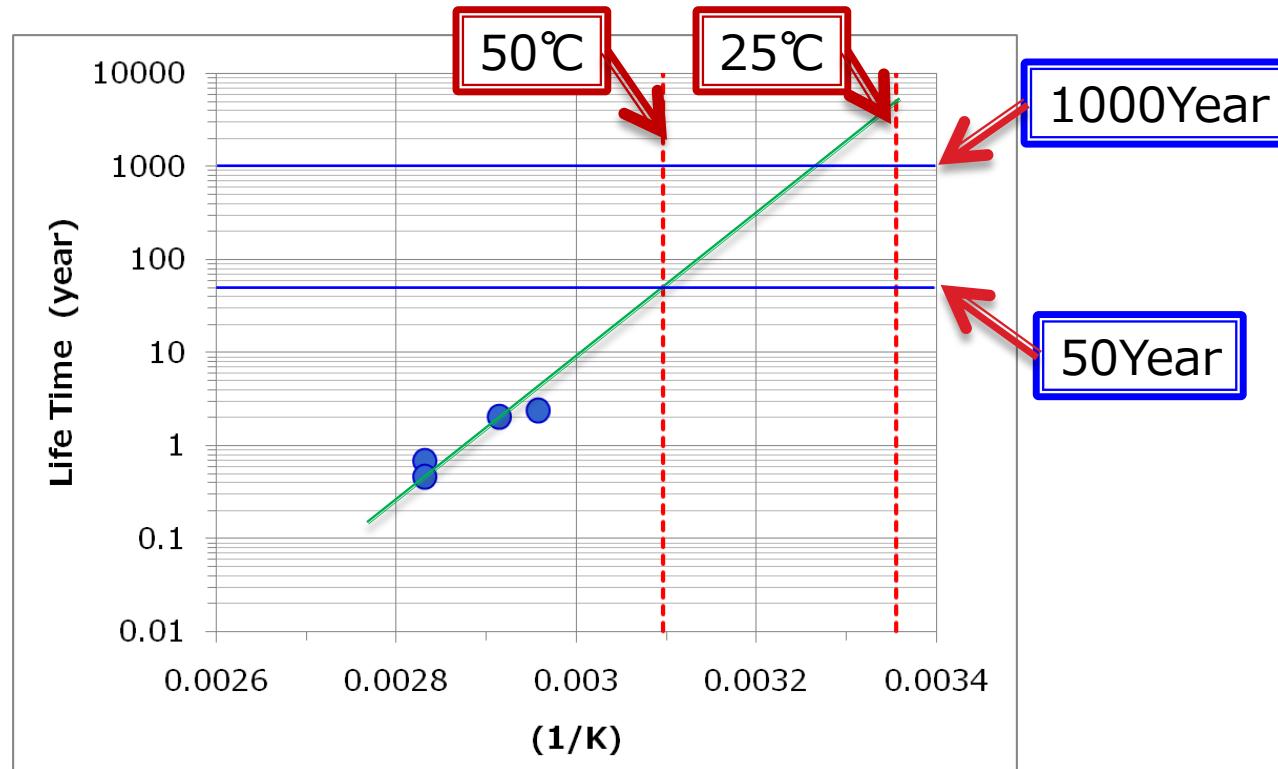
Protective Film

Dielectric film
Recording film
Dielectric film

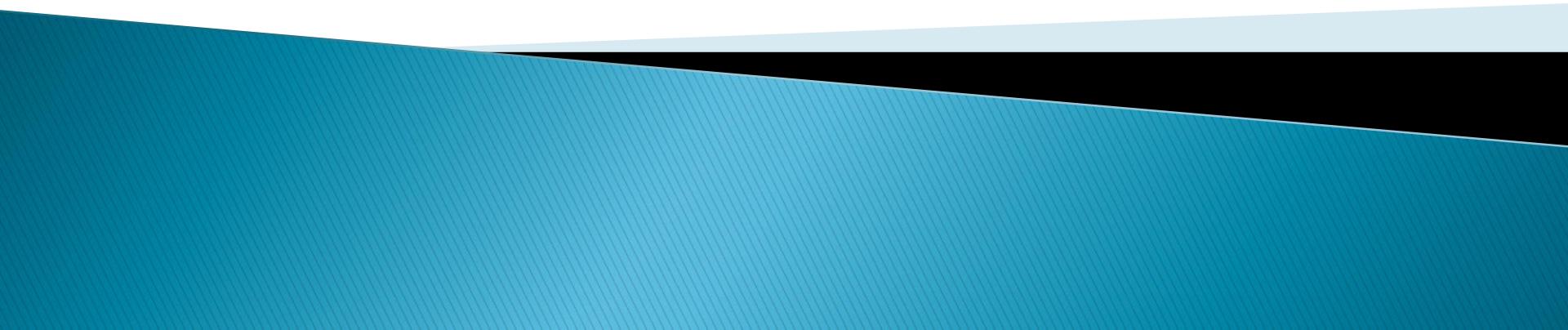
For higher reliability

New recording material

- No degradation observed under HT/HH condition



Technology for 500GB/1TB

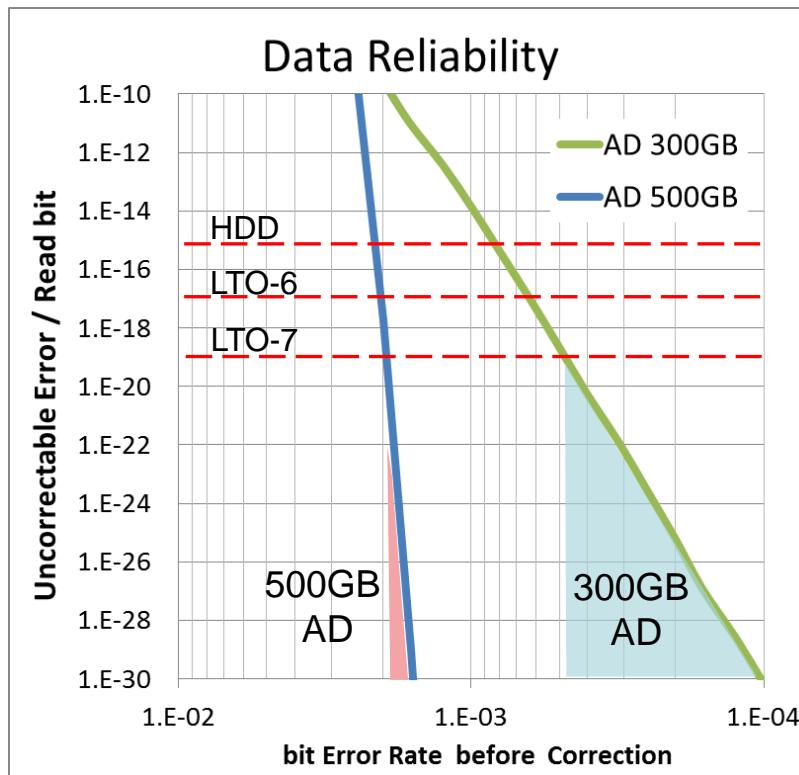


Technology for 500GB



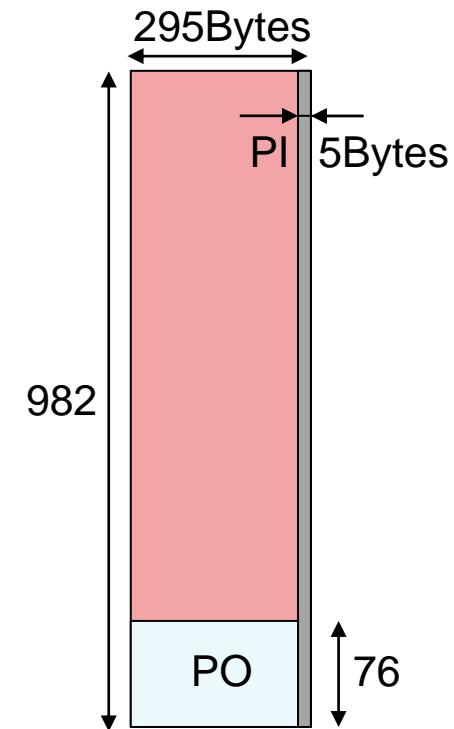
ECC

Higher Reliability by 4 times longer ECC



**AD 500GB: 1 uncorrectable error bit
in $>10^{20}$ read bits**

500GB AD
ECC Cluster

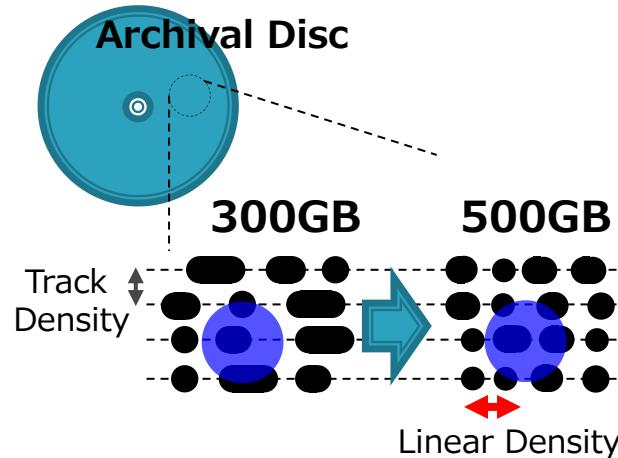


256kB User Data
Code Rate = 91%

Technology for 500GB

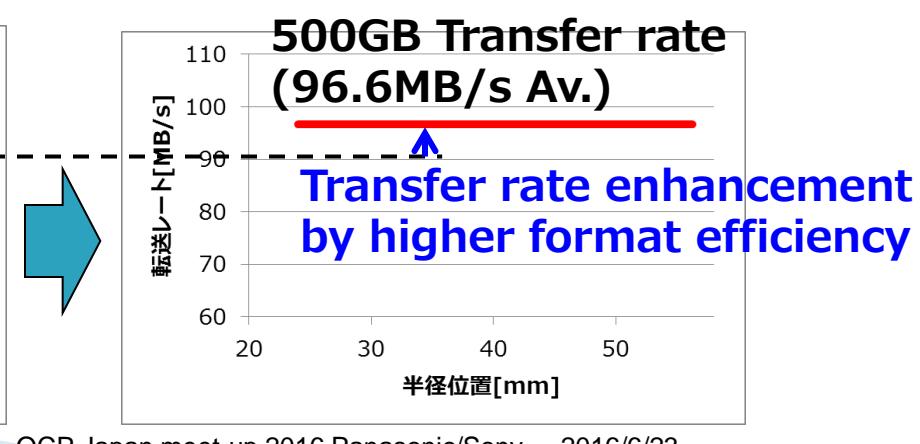
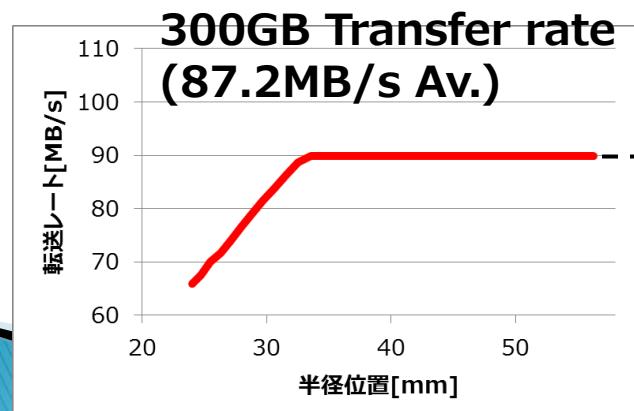


■ **500GB = 300GB × 1.667**



		Capacity Expansion	Key Technology
Track Dens.		1.000x	Land/Groove Recording
Lin. Dens.	Rec. Dens.	1.551x	Higher Order PRML
	Format Efficiency	1.075x	Higher Efficiency ECC
Total		1.667x	

■ **Effect of higher format efficiency**



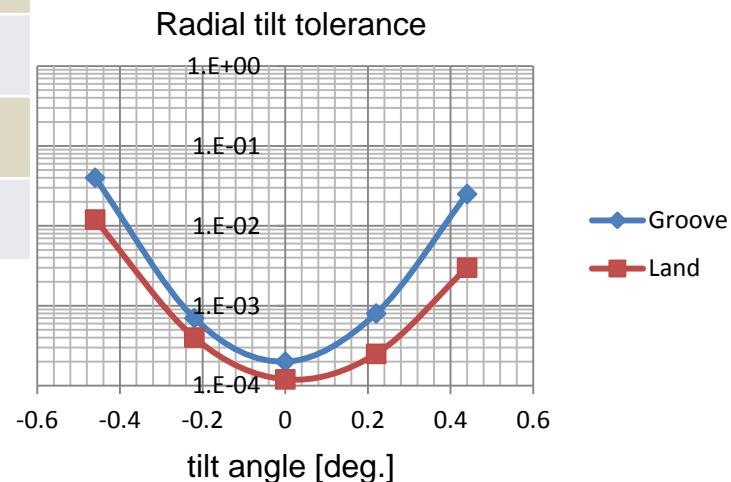
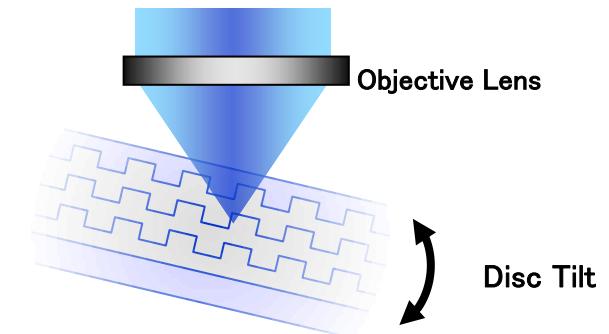
Technology for 500GB



System margins of 500GB

Confirmed that all margins are wide enough.

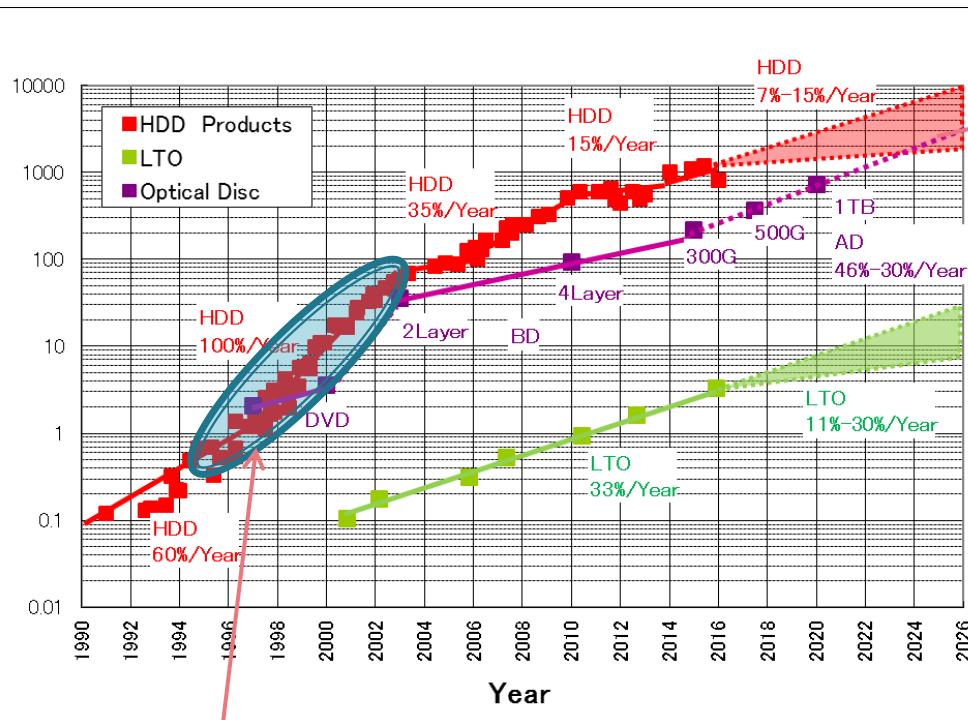
	AD-500GB	AD-300GB
Disc Tilt (Radial dir.)	$\pm 0.38^\circ$	$\pm 0.3^\circ$
Disc Tilt (Tangential dir.)	$\pm 0.49^\circ$	$\pm 0.47^\circ$
Focus Error	$\pm 223\text{nm}$	$\pm 223\text{nm}$
Cover Thickness Error	$\pm 4.2\mu\text{m}$	$\pm 4.1\mu\text{m}$



Technology for 1TB



- The current optical disc technology use only the light intensity difference for the read-out. The next generation optical disc use the light phase difference to improve the SNR read-out.



Optical head can realize the significant improvement for the detection SNR by using the optical phase detection method.

Experimental result

Detection method	Intensity detection	Phase detection
SNR	34dB	46dB

12dB up

12dB = 4 times capacity



HDD was realized the significant growth by GMR/TMR Head that was the breakthrough for the SNR limit.

Conclusion



- PanasonicとSonyは、Blu-rayの3倍容量のArchival Discを共同開発し、2015年に規格化を完了した
- このArchival Discは、様々な環境において長期信頼性を発揮し、データセンターの直面する課題解決に貢献できる
- Archival Disc 500GBは、現時点で十分なシステムマージンを有し、規格化完了は目前となっている
- Archival Disc 1TBは、光の新たな自由度を利用することにより実現可能である